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**CORRECTION**

In the ACADEMIC HIGHLIGHTS “Challenges and Solutions in Developing New Medications for Schizophrenia” (*J Clin Psychiatry* 2010;71[10]:1391–1399), all  $K_i$  values in the section “New Antipsychotics and Investigational Agents” should be  $pK_i$  values. Table 1 should be corrected as follows: the  $pK_i$  of iloperidone is 0.3 nM for  $\alpha_1$  and the  $pK_i$  of asenapine is 1.3 nM for  $D_2$ , 0.07 nM for 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 2.7 nM for 5-HT<sub>1A</sub>, 0.11 nM for 5-HT<sub>7</sub>, 1.2 nM for both  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$ , 1.0 nM for  $H_1$ , and >5,000 nM for  $M_1$ . Additionally, in the “Muscarinic ( $M_1$ ) Effects” section on page 1396, asenapine should be deleted from the list of agents with potent affinity for the  $M_1$  receptor. In the “Newer Antipsychotics: Asenapine” section, the third sentence should read: “It is generally well tolerated, with somnolence the most common side effect due to its high affinity for  $H_1$  receptors; however, despite its  $H_1$  affinity, little weight gain has been observed (average of only 2 lb in year-long studies).”

The online table and text have been corrected.