ME Posttest

Using Antipsychotic Agents in Older Patients

Participants may receive up to 6 Category 1 credits toward the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award by reading the material in this Supplement and correctly answering at least 70% of the questions in the Posttest that follows.

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- 1. Read each question carefully and circle the answer on the Registration Form.
- 2. Type or print the registration information in the spaces provided and complete the evaluation.
- 3. Send the Registration Form to the address or fax number listed on the Registration Form.

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not be used to treat any of the following conditions	a. True		
except:			
a. Panic disorder	b. False		
b. Insomniac. Motion sicknessd. Psychotic major depression	7. Experts recommended that in the treatment of elderly QTc prolongation.		
2. The use of antipsychotics as a first-line treatment in dementia with agitation and delusions was	a. Low- and mid-potency c b. Risperidone and olanzap c. Aripiprazole and ziprasi		

recommended by _____ of the experts. a. 60%

1. Experts agreed that antipsychotic medication should

- b. 50%
- c. 94%
- d. 35%
- 3. The target doses for antipsychotic medication were higher for older patients with schizophrenia than for older patients with other psychiatric disorders.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. Atypical antipsychotics were preferred over conventional antipsychotics for the treatment of late-life schizophrenia.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 5. Most of the experts recommended aripiprazole, olanzapine, quetiapine, and risperidone as first-line treatments for late-life schizophrenia.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 6. Antipsychotics were strongly recommended nania.
- at _____ should be avoided patients who have
 - conventional antipsychotics
 - oine
 - done
 - d. Clozapine and quetiapine
- 8. For patients with obesity, diabetes mellitus, and/or dyslipidemia, the experts recommended avoiding all of the following *except*:
 - a. Risperidone
 - b. Mid-potency conventional antipsychotics
 - c. Clozapine
 - d. Olanzapine
- was a first-line treatment recommendation for patients with Parkinson's disease.
 - a. Ziprasidone
 - b. Aripiprazole
 - c. Risperidone
 - d. Quetiapine
- 10. One drug combination that the experts felt physicians should either avoid or be very cautious when using is:
 - a. Clozapine and carbamazepine
 - b. Ziprasidone and a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI)
 - c. Risperidone and a tricyclic antidepressant (TCA)
 - d. High-potency conventional antipsychotic and olanzapine

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- 11. The experts' ratings indicated that the average optimal follow-up interval after starting an antipsychotic in an elderly patient was:
 - a. 2 months
 - b. 10 days
 - c. 1 week
 - d. 3 months
- 12. Experts rated _____ as the treatment of choice in the treatment of psychotic major depression.
 - a. A mood stabilizer alone
 - b. A mood stabilizer plus an antipsychotic
 - c. An antipsychotic plus an antidepressant
 - d. An antipsychotic alone
- 13. ____ was recommended as a first-line treatment for neuropathic pain.
 - a. An anticonvulsant
 - b. An antipsychotic
 - c. A beta blocker
 - d. An SSRI

- 14. Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act regulations for long-term care facilities specify that an attempt should be made to taper or discontinue antipsychotic treatment at least:
 - a. Once a year
 - b. Every 4 months
 - c. Every 6 months
 - d. Every 10 months
- 15. Ninety percent of experts rated the use of an antipsychotic as an appropriate first-line treatment for elderly patients with delusional disorder.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 16. The experts' recommendations made in *Using Antipsychotic Agents in Older Patients* should be viewed as an expert consultation and weighed in conjunction with other information about the individual clinical situation.
 - a. True
 - b. False

CME REGISTRATION FORM

Using Antipsychotic Agents in Older Patients

Circle the one correct answer for each question. Please										Please evaluate the effectiveness of this CME activity
1.	a	b	c	d	9.	a	b	c	d	by answering the following questions.
2.	a	b	c	d	10.	a	b	c	d	1. Was the educational content relevant to the stated educational objectives? ☐ Yes ☐ No
3.	a	b			11.	a	b	С	d	2. Did this activity provide information that is
4.	a	b			12.	a	b	c	d	useful in your clinical practice? ☐ Yes ☐ No
5.	a	b			13.	a	b	c	d	3. Was the format of this activity appropriate for the content being presented? ☐ Yes ☐ No
6.	a	b			14.	a	b	С	d	4. Did the method of presentation hold your interest
7. 8.	a a	b b	c c	d d	15. 16.	a a	b b			and make the material easy to understand? ☐ Yes ☐ No
										5. Achievement of educational objectives:
Print or type Name									A. Enabled me to identify older patients who are likely to benefit from treatment with atypical antipsychotics. ☐ Yes ☐ No	
(for Cl	Social Security Number (for CME credit recording purposes) Degree Specialty									B. Enabled me to summarize the opinions of a group of experts on the appropriate intervals of follow-up after initiating, titrating the dose of, or stabilizing a patient with an atypical antipsychotic agent. Yes No
Affiliation										 C. Enabled me to discuss potential drug-drug interactions that may lead to adverse effects in older patients. ☐ Yes ☐ No
Address City, State, Zip										6. Did this CME activity provide a balanced, scientifically rigorous presentation of therapeutic options related to the topic, without commercial bias? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Phone ()										7. Does the information you received from this CME activity confirm the way you presently manage your patients? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Ì	E-Mail									8. Does the information you received from this CME activity change the way you will manage your patients in the future? \(\sigma\) Yes \(\sigma\) No
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Dead					o he issa	ıed +	aleaca	com	nlete	
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Online submissions will receive credit certificates immediately. Faxed or mailed submissions will receive credit certificates within 6 to 8 weeks.										10. How much time did you spend completing this CME activity?
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